

The Daily Mirror

LATEST CERTIFIED CIRCULATION MORE THAN 800,000 COPIES PER DAY.

No. 3,197.

Registered at the G.P.O.
as a Newspaper.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1914

One Halfpenny.

GREAT STRIKE OF COAL PORTERS: A CHILLY OUTLOOK FOR THE LONDONER.



Clerks cheerfully get dirty and load sacks of coal.

AUSTRALIAN'S FATE - THE GREEN BEETLE.



Thomas Kent Reeks, a native of Sydney, Australia, and an officer in the mercantile marine, whose body has been found in a hollow at Bilston, near Wolverhampton. A green Brazilian beetle which he wore as a scarfpin was found near him.



Typical London coalporter, so necessary to our comfort in winter.

Londoners have been cold enough this year, as it is, but they are likely to shiver even more with no fires in their grates. Ten thousand coal porters have selected this seasonable weather to strike, and practically no coal is being delivered.

A Copy of this Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The SUBSCRIPTION LIST OPENS TO-DAY (THURSDAY), January 22nd, and will close for both Town and Country on WEDNESDAY, January 28th, 1914.

NO PART OF THIS ISSUE HAS BEEN UNDERWRITTEN.

ASSOCIATED PROVINCIAL PICTURE HOUSES,

LIMITED.

(Incorporated under The Companies Acts 1908 and 1913.)

CAPITAL

400,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	£400,000
100,000 6% Preference Shares of £1 each	£100,000
	£500,000

The Preference Shares have priority with regard both to capital and dividend and are entitled to receive out of the profits of each year available for distribution a fixed non-cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 6% per annum, but to no further participation in profits or assets. Preference dividends will be payable half-yearly on the 1st January, beginning on the 1st January, 1913, and the first dividend will be calculated upon the instalments from their respective dates of payment.

Offer of 370,000 Ordinary Shares and 100,000 6% Preference Shares, at par.

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:—On Application 5/- per Share, on Allotment 5/- per Share, and the balance as required in calls not exceeding 5/- per share at intervals of not less than one month. Payment may be made in full upon application if desired.

DIRECTORS.

SIR WILLIAM BASS, Bart., Brykley Lodge, Burton-on-Trent, Chairman of Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Ltd., and London Film Company, Ltd. (Chairman).
CAPT. AUBREY MEARES, D.S.O., Howey, Mount Park, Harrow-on-the-Hill, Director and General Manager of Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Ltd.
STANLEY BALL, 57, Portland Court, London, W., Director and Manager Film Department of Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Ltd.
WALTER COOPER, The Meadow, Hampton, London, N.W., Director and Manager Catering Department of Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Ltd.
ALFRED E. NEWBOLD, Trenero Cottage, Carlton-on-Trent, Director and Manager Theatres Staffs of Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Ltd.
RALPH H. SPURGEON, Mansfield Place, Richmond, Surrey, Managing Director of Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Ltd., and London Film Company, Ltd.

BANKERS.

LLOYD'S BANK, LIMITED, St. James's Street, London, S.W. 1, Lombard Street, London, E.C., and branches.

SOLICITORS.

For the Vendor Company: FORD, LLOYD, BARRETT AND MELCHMORE, 38, Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C. For this Company: FRANCIS AND JOHNSON, 19, Great Winchester Street, London, E.C.

AUDITORS.

MANLEY, BRIGHT AND CO., 20, Malet Street, Cannon Street, London, E.C.

BORROWS.

SMITH AND SON, Stock Exchange, London, and Telegraph Street, London, E.C.

FREDERICK RATHBONE, 109, Colmore Row, and Stock Exchange, Birmingham.

ARCHITECTS.

J. R. NAYLOR, F.R.I.B.A. (Architectural and General Agricultural Society), and

G. H. SALE, F.R.I.B.A., Derby.

ATKINSON AND ALEXANDER, A.A.R.I.B.A., 199, Piccadilly, London, W.

SECRETARY.

JAMES H. MACAULAY.

REGISTERED OFFICES.

199, PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.

PROSPECTUS.

Substantial Buildings.—The properties have been selected with the assistance of experts of the highest standing, and the buildings are of a substantial character, in keeping with the fine Theatres hitherto erected by Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Ltd., and the interior decorations and furniture will be separately and carefully considered. Interior work, decorations and furnishing will be on the contract, and the making of purchases, at least an equal rate of profit will be made by this Company, contracts and options, subject in the case of some of the premises to the mortgage mentioned below.

ABERDEEN.—A large Freehold site in Union Street, with a good position in the City. Theatre and Cafes are now in course of erection.

BIRKENHEAD.—A contract to purchase the Freehold of the Hippodrome, situated in the centre of the town. The alterations will be made by this Company, and best equipped Picture Houses in the Country.

BRIGHTON.—An option to purchase a large Freehold site, with entrance from North Street, undoubtedly the best position in this great sea-side resort.

BURTON-ON-TRENT.—A contract for an Underlease of 25 years of an extensive site in High Street, the principal thoroughfare of the Town.

HALIFAX.—A contract for the grant of a lease for 999 years of a Freehold site in the Commercial Street. This Cinematograph Theatre, which has only recently been completed, is one of the finest in the Country, and has a capacity of 1,500, including Cinema and Reading Room.

SUNDERLAND.—A contract to purchase a Freehold of one of the finest blocks of property in the Town, situated on the corner of two main streets, High Street and High Street. In addition to a large Theatre and Cafes, the property will include the several shops and alterations will be made by this Company.

WALSALL.—A contract to purchase the Freehold of a large site, part of the General Motors Head Office of the Town, situated along the Bridge, the most central position of the Town.

WOLVERHAMPTON.—Two contracts to purchase the Freehold of extensive sites in Queen's Square, adjoining Fords Bank, the finest situation in the Town. In addition this Company has secured the following:

CARLISLE.—A contract to purchase a large Freehold site, central to English Street, the most commanding position in the City.

A number of other important properties.—Owing to the rapid growth of the Cinematograph Theatres, which are now to be found in every town, the Company has been selected, and negotiations are at present being conducted with them, and the contracts will be made on the premises, completion, and this Company will secure the benefit of the contracts when made. Each of these sites has been carefully selected, and the Directors have satisfied themselves that there is a distinct opening for a Picture House. The Directors estimate that the opening will be made to them to a sum of at least Twenty-five Thousand Pounds.

The highly profitable character of Cinematograph Theatres, enterprise, when compared with other forms of amusement, is amply proved by the success achieved by Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Limited, which in three years and one-half has generated a sum of £35,000 for depreciation and reserve. The certified net profits of Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Limited, for the year ending December 31st, 1913, were as follows:—1911 (first year), £4,334; 1912, £55,168; 1913, £61,652. The Ordinary 6% Shares of Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Limited, are officially quoted on the London Stock Exchange, the present price being about 37s. 6d.

Associated Picture Houses, Limited.—The Company will be under exactly the same management which has been put at the above striking result in the case of the Provincial Cinematograph Theatres, Limited.

Special Considerations.—The Directors submit the following considerations which lead them to the belief that the Company will be a most profitable future investment:—

1. They have at present in operation under their direct control fifteen Theatres in Provincial cities and towns of the Province, which have proved successful from the first day its doors were opened.
2. Their experience in catering for millions of patrons each year, and in the production of a picture and music to a nicely. In this respect, the policy of providing a clean and wholesome entertainment free from all trace of vulgarity, and the high class of music, which has proved so successful in the past, will be continued in the future.
3. The Company will be able to maintain and bring every detail of control under a single centralised administration, cost of control will be reduced to a minimum.
4. The Company will be able to maintain a capital of £400,000, and with fifteen first-class Picture Houses (Belfast, Birmingham, Bristol, Dublin, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Newcastle, and Portsmouth) already occupies a commanding position as regards the securing of all the best films of the world, and the Company will be able to obtain for this Company the central administration, which is by far the largest user of films in this country.

Capital Safely Invested.—A point of special importance in the general object of this Company is the fact that a large part of its capital will be permanently invested in real estate situated in central Provincial cities and towns. London, the centre of this character, when judiciously selected, is perhaps the safest and most stable of all forms of investment, and one which is most likely to increase in value.

of freehold property in Bridge Street and George Hotel Yard, Walsall, for £6,000, of which £2,000 is to remain as a mortgage, which has been paid as deposit, leaving a balance of £4,000, being an option for the Vendor to retain the option for acquisition of land situated in the same area, at a fixed salary at the rate of £200 per annum and the Chairman shall be paid an additional sum at the rate of £100 per annum, and the Directors shall be entitled to remuneration, if any, as the Company in general meeting shall from time to time determine, and such remuneration shall be paid to the Chairman, and in default of such determination, the Directors may determine, and in default of such determination, equally. The Directors shall also be paid their remuneration, and the remuneration of the Auditors and Committee Meetings. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(1) As fixed salary at the rate of £200 per annum and the Chairman shall be paid an additional sum at the rate of £100 per annum, and the Directors shall be entitled to remuneration, if any, as the Company in general meeting shall from time to time determine, and such remuneration shall be paid to the Chairman, and in default of such determination, the Directors may determine, and in default of such determination, equally. The Directors shall also be paid their remuneration, and the remuneration of the Auditors and Committee Meetings. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(2) As fixed salary at the rate of £200 per annum and the Chairman shall be paid an additional sum at the rate of £100 per annum, and the Directors shall be entitled to remuneration, if any, as the Company in general meeting shall from time to time determine, and such remuneration shall be paid to the Chairman, and in default of such determination, the Directors may determine, and in default of such determination, equally. The Directors shall also be paid their remuneration, and the remuneration of the Auditors and Committee Meetings. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(3) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(4) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(5) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(6) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(7) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(8) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(9) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(10) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(11) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(12) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(13) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(14) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(15) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(16) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(17) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(18) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(19) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(20) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(21) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(22) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(23) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(24) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(25) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(26) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(27) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(28) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for participation in profits or by any or all of those modes, and either in addition to his share of remuneration assigned to him, or in substitution for his share of remuneration, or being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertions in going or residing abroad, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall have the right to appoint two Directors on the Board of the Company. (C) The qualifications of Directors and the remuneration of Directors. (Article 91) The Articles of Association contain the following provisions regarding the remuneration of Directors:—

(29) As fixed sum or percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and the remuneration of a Director for services rendered by the Company, they shall be either in addition to or in substitution for his or their share in the remuneration above. (Article 108) The remuneration of a Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed

PENNY-A-TON COAL STRIKE.

10,000 Loaders and Carmen Suddenly Stop Work.

FUEL FAMINE FEARS.

Clerks Employed to Load Trolleys and Deliver the Coal.

London is in danger of a coal famine, owing to a universal strike of coal porters for "a penny a ton" advance in pay.

There is not a coal-trolley cart in the streets of London. No coal is being delivered to consumers. All the 10,000 coal loaders and coal carmen of London—the former fill the sacks at wharves and depots, and the latter deliver them—are out on strike. Their collective name is coal porters, and the strike has been called by the National Amalgamated Union of Coal Porters.

The main demands are:—

Loaders at present earn 9d. a ton and want 10d.

Carmen earn 8d. a ton and want 9d. The immediate sufferers will be small consumers in flats and in houses with small cellars, who buy from trolleymen. They may have to fetch their own coal from stations.

So serious becomes the shortage of coal in the course of the day that coal merchants were compelled to ask their clerks to load the trolleys and wagons at the depots, of which there are upwards of 150 scattered over the metropolis.

Clerks and other voluntary staff help had also to deliver coal in the metropolitan area.

Coal merchants declare that the men's demands are extortionate, and their concession would seriously affect the demand for coal as well as increase the price.

Mr. Locket, chairman of the Coal Merchants' Association, suggested at a meeting of the members of the Coal Exchange that an arbitrator should be appointed.

The strikers will hold a mass meeting at Holborn Hall at 10.30 this morning.

THE DISPUTE EXPLAINED.

These facts make the meaning of the strike clear:—

1. Both loaders and carmen are paid by the ton. Their demands do not affect the porters who pack them per ton and the quantity they load or deliver.

2. Coal carmen are also coal porters. The man who delivers the coal to the carmen carries it up and down to your coal cellar. If he brings it in 1 cwt. sacks instead of 2cwt. sacks, it is usually done for flats, and when this is the case the carmen want 10d. a ton more, and is expected to take a man with him.

3. Loaders get no tips. Carmen's tips vary very much. A carmen may earn 1s. a week in tips, or 10s. if extremely lucky.

4. The trolleymen, or carmen, who pack round vans to carry coal and sundries, who pack 2s. per ton when the price is 1s. 9d. per cwt.—is never lower and their pay advances on a sliding scale as the price of the coal goes up. When the price is 1s. 9d. a cwt. and the men earn 2s. 10d. per ton sole. Then men want 1d. a ton extra all round, with a minimum of 2s. 3d.

In addition, loaders want higher pay for piling coal into stacks at the depots, and carmen want 9d. instead of 4d. per ton—that is to say, the full rate—for coal brought back to the depot because delivery is for any reason not taken.

"TIPS" AND WAGES.

Mr. J. Hopkins, secretary of the Coal Porters' Union, said to *The Daily Mirror* yesterday evening:—

The employers say that the average wage of loaders is about 4s. a week, and that of carmen 3s. to 4s., and tips besides.

A carman does not, on the average, take out more than six tons a day, six days a week. His earnings, therefore, work out:—

3s. tons at 8d. 24s.
Driving money, for tending his horse 1s. a day 6s.
for six days 36s.

Total 50s.

He may get 6d. horse money for Sunday, but it is generally left for the horsekeeper at the stables. As regards his tips, most men do not make 3s. a week in tips. Some householders will give a man 6d. for tidying up after delivering two tons, but most give 2d. Business firms often give nothing.

Loaders during last summer earned less than 12s. a week for weeks and weeks together. A man I know, after waiting all day at a depot only earned 1s. 6d.

At present the public services are not likely to be interfered with, as the electric power stations and gas companies are mostly supplied direct from the collieries. But public institutions having small stocks are already alarmed. We do not know yet what we shall do about hospitals—but they always have been prepared to meet such an emergency.

Hundreds of coal porters in London do not earn £1 a week during nine months of the year. That is what we want to stop. If we have a fall of snow the coal merchants will take advantage of it to put up prices at once, and the trolleymen would be asking the poor 2s. a hundredweight or more.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

Our special weather forecast for to-day is: Moderate eastward breezes; fair generally; cloudy or hazy; cold, slightly inland.

Lighting-up time: 5.28 p.m. High-water at London Bridge, 10.8 a.m.

Temperature: 50° F. Barometer: 30.12in. Steady; temperature, 34° degrees; wind, N.E.; gusty breeze; weather, cloudy, light frost.

Sea passages will be moderate.

DOCTOR SUES NEWSPAPER FOR LIBEL.



Mrs. Wright.

Mr. Keats.

Amusing evidence was given yesterday when Mr. Charles Keats, medical superintendent of the Camberwell Infirmary, sued the *London Budget* for alleged libel. Mrs. Bracey Wright (otherwise known as the Countess de Lormet) raised the question of the alleged flogging of boys at the infirmary at a meeting of the guardians, counsel explained, and a report appeared in the defendant newspaper, of which the doctor complained.

MARRIED UNDER NEW EUGENIC LAW.



Miss Grace Margaret Knoll and Mr. Irwin Maxwell Greig, the first couple to be married under the new eugenic law of Wisconsin (U.S.A.), which requires every man to produce a doctor's certificate of good health.

INVALID CARRIAGES ON RAILWAYS.



This saloon, which is 50ft. long, has been designed by the London and North-Western Railway Company in order that invalids may enjoy every comfort

GIRL'S DISCOVERY ON THE TELEPHONE.

Learned Lover Was Out, but His Wife at Home.

£500 FOR BROKEN PROMISE

A remarkable story of the deception of a pretty young saleswoman in Paris, who only learnt her Turkish lover was married when she rang him up on the telephone and was told he was out, but his wife was at home, was told yesterday in an undefended breach of promise action in the London Sheriff's Court.

The plaintiff, Miss Madeline Wolff, of Harlesden-road, N.W., formerly employed at a salary of £16 a month by a Paris drapery firm, was awarded £500 damages against Nino Hassan, a Turk.

In opening the case for the plaintiff, Mr. H. C. Sutteridge said it was somewhat sad one.

The young woman had been cruelly deceived by the defendant, who was a married man and had kept that fact from her. Yet, under a promise of marriage, he won her affections, and induced her to give up lucrative employment.

The plaintiff was a German, but might be regarded as a Frenchwoman, as she had been adopted by Mr. and Mrs. Wolff, who had spent most of their time in France.

When she met defendant she held an important position in a well-known Parisian business establishment, being paid £16 a month. The defendant, who was about forty years of age, was an ostrich feather merchant with business premises in Paris. He owned two motor-cars and lived in considerable style.

DRESSES FOR DANCER.

A member of his household was a well-known dancer, whose name he (counsel) would not mention, and it was apparently for the purpose of purchasing dresses for the dancer that Hassan first entered the establishment where Miss Wolff was employed. She attended him, and, in course of time, they became friendly.

It was in January, 1913, that he asked her to marry him. She at first declined, but he was persistent, and, finally, she accepted him.

In February preparations were commenced for the wedding. Later he persuaded her to stay with him at his home.

On March 2, counsel continued, the defendant came to London, and a day or two later he wrote to Miss Wolff, stating that he had had some trouble and had been unable to sleep, and added:—

I hope you will not be angry with me, but circumstances have been too much against us. I hope this will soon pass over.

The plaintiff was unable to understand what the note meant, and at once came to London. She rang Hassan up on the telephone at his address at 1, Hilltop-road, Hampstead, and was told that he was not in, but that Mrs. Hassan was.

That said counsel, was the first intimation she had that he was married. She returned to Paris without seeing him, and wrote him a letter, to which he replied:—

Madeline—I am sure you feel just as rotten as I do, but, my dear girl, I could not help it. I am not going to be sentimental and make all sorts of excuses and give explanations. You are not to blame, I am to blame, and I feel deceived otherwise. All I can say is that for the present—in fact, for some time—things must remain as they are. I am not going to give up a blackguard, and regret more than you do the circumstances.

Continuing, counsel said that unfortunately the story of that episode got about in Paris, and had interfered with the plaintiff's career.

She had since obtained a situation with a drapery firm in London, but received a very small salary.

The plaintiff then entered the witness-box and gave evidence, speaking in English with a French accent.

A tall and graceful brunette, she looked younger than the twenty-two years which she told counsel, was her age. She was smartly dressed in a long travelling coat with a wide sash.

Replying to the sheriff, plaintiff said that she first met the defendant when he came into the shop where she was employed to buy some dresses.

LOST A 7 FOUND.

Patch of Oil on the Sea Proves the Clue to Her Position.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

DEVONPORT, Jan. 21.—Whilst cruising about in Whitsand Bay this afternoon just before four o'clock the Pigmy, which was mothering the A7 when she was lost, noticed a quantity of oil floating.

It was at once surmised that the submarine was somewhere about there, and the divers were sent for.

One was sent down, and found the submarine at the bottom. He made fast a line to her, and this has been buoyed.

The seaplane which was to have helped in the search has been in the harbour.

She had made an excellent trip down from Grain, only stopping twice at Calshot.

The position of the submarine is about four miles north-west of Rame Head.

She is lying a little to the east of where she was last seen.

The special lighter, No. 94, is to leave Plymouth Sound for Whitsand Bay at daylight to-morrow, when preparations for raising the vessel will be proceeded with as speedily as possible.

Lord Michelham has offered a substantial cheque if the Lord Mayor of London can see his way to start a National Fund, on a permanent basis, to provide for wives and families of soldiers and sailors who lose their lives in the discharge of their duty.

"WHITE KING" OF KIKUYU BLACKS.

Romance of an Englishman Whom Natives Idolise.

A "CAPTAIN KETTLE."

There has been a striking and novel development in the Kikuyu religious controversy.

While the world's ecclesiastics and ministers have been arguing for and against the action of the Bishops of the Moroto and Uganda, the native element has been overlooked.

The natives refuse to be ignored any longer.

They have heard of the disruption in the ranks of their missionaries, but they do not understand the reason.

In their ignorance they have sought what appears to them the simplest way of finding out the why and the wherefore.

Information in the *Daily Mirror* that the natives, who number nearly a million, have sent a representative deputation of chiefs to their "White King," the adventurous John Boyes, who is known throughout Africa as one of the most daring and courageous of Englishmen.

To Mr. Boyes the natives have gone for knowledge and guidance on this—the mysterious question, and thus John Boyes the "Captain Kettle" has become the public eye.

Few figures in adventurous fiction have had a more romantic life than Mr. Boyes.

Still a comparatively young man, he is unofficial ruler over a million blacks, who regard him as something of a superman, a being to be regarded with a doglike devotion.

It was in 1898 that he first visited the Kikuyu country. He had organised a caravan to carry



MR. JOHN BOYES.

provisions for the coolies working on the Uganda Railway, but his men deserted him, and he determined to push on alone and explore the Kikuyu village, and for years afterwards he was engaged in the most thrilling adventures that have ever befallen any Englishman.

He ruled with the rifle, and had no scruples in shooting to kill when he was in danger.

On one occasion he was tried at Mombasa for the murder of 200 natives.

"Why did you kill 200 natives?" the Judge asked him.

"Because there were no more to kill," Mr. Boyes answered.

The real reason was that Mr. Boyes shot the natives to prevent a general battle royal between the tribes, which would probably have resulted in the slaughter of 20,000.

A few years ago the Government sent an expedition into the "White King's" country to take over the administration.

To-day he is still practically ruler of the Kikuyu country, and he combines his monarchical activities with farming on a large scale.

CANADA IN MOURNING.

The news of the death of Lord Strathcona, announced yesterday, has been received with profound regret throughout the Empire, and in Canada the Duke and Duchess of Connaught have cancelled all immediate social functions. Flags were at half-mast in all Canadian towns yesterday and at Quebec the Provincial Legislature adjourned as a mark of respect.

Messages of sympathy and regret have been received from the King, the Queen, Queen Alexandra, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, and other members of the Royal Family.

The funeral will take place on Monday at Highgate, where the body of Lady Strathcona was interred a few months ago.

"Who rests, rests well," was always Lord Strathcona's motto, and he needed everything to work and to eat, and once took two meals daily.

"I have breakfast at 9 a.m. and dinner at 9 p.m.," he once told *The Daily Mirror*, "and that gives me eleven hours daily for work."

FROM SONG TO SUICIDE.

The tragic story of an old Savoy singer, who threw himself in front of a train at Surbiton, was told at Surbiton yesterday, when an inquest was held concerning the death of Mr. Richard Green, a verdict of Suicide during temporary insanity being returned.

Mr. Green distinguished himself in Gilbert and Sullivan operas, and had sang also at Covent Garden with Miss Melba and Mme. Patti. Latterly, misfortune had overtaken him and he had lost a good deal of money. Five or six months ago, it was said, he had been sleeping on the Embankment. A friend, who had found him and given him a room, said that he had failed to get work.

EARL COWLEY WEDS.

Quiet Marriage to Mrs. G. C. Buxton at Biarritz—His Third Marriage.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Earl Cowley was quietly married at Biarritz (south-west of France) on Monday to Mrs. Clare Buxton, daughter of the late Francis Stapleton and formerly wife of Mr. G. C. Buxton. This is Lord Cowley's third marriage.

It was in January, 1913, that the new Lady Cowley was divorced from her husband, Mr. George Charles Buxton, Lord Cowley being cited as co-respondent. A few months later the then Lady Cowley, who had previously been Lady Hartopp, secured a divorce from the earl, whose second wife she was.

On this occasion it is a fact that Lord Cowley into the public eye was the famous Hartopp divorce suit in 1905, which was one of the costliest and lengthiest on record.

It was originally started in 1902, and the first hearing occupied several weeks. Sir Charles Hartopp charged his wife with misconduct with Earl Cowley, while Lady Hartopp brought counter-charges against her husband.

The sides fell to the ground; but the case was revived in April of 1905, when fresh allegations were put forward by Sir Charles Hartopp. The suit was undefended, and Sir Charles obtained a decree, with costs.

The sequel to this suit was Lord Cowley's marriage to Lady Hartopp, which took place at Colombo on December 14, 1905.

PAWNS IN LIFE'S GAME.

Are Machines Turning Men Into Mere Mechanical Automata?

Is the world of to-day losing its power to think? Are people becoming more and more like walking along set mechanical lines in an age of mechanism? That the development of modern machinery and "fool-proof" and labour-saving contrivances of all kinds is destroying human initiative and resource is the suggestion of an eminent scientist, who predicts a "dearth of inventiveness" and a decline of civilisation unless something is done to stimulate the reasoning faculties."

Modern mechanically modern mechanical inventions tend more and more to remove the need for human thought and personal action. To name but a few, there are—

Typewriters. Moving stairways. Phonographs. Adding machines. Safety razors. Dictaphones. Electric boot cleaners. Piano-rolls.

"The greatest economic and social menace," says the scientist, "is the tendency to discourage individual thought and create labour and thought saving devices without substituting education of the reasoning processes."

PEOPLE IN THE NEWS.



M. Venizelos, the Greek Premier, and a famous statesman who has come to London to consult Sir Edward Grey.



Mr. Morice Bird, the Surrey captain, with the M.C.C. team, is en route to Miss Violet Millar, of Durban.

SPECIAL LIFEBELTS FOR CHILDREN



GREEN BEETLE IN MURDER MYSTERY.

Seafarer Seen With Officer Found Shot Near Pit Shaft.

£100 MISSING IN NOTES.

A Brazilian queen beetle which had been mounted as a scarpin is one of the clues on which the police are working in the grim mystery surrounding the discovery of the body of a well-dressed man near an old pit shaft at Bilstion.

The body has been identified as that of Kent Reeks, senior fourth officer in the Mercantile Marine. He was a native of Australia, but had relatives at Manchester.

The green beetle scarpin which he was wearing when he visited relatives in Manchester was found in four cards from the body, and is regarded as an indication that there had been a struggle.

The body was found in a depression round an old pit-shaft at Bilstion. There were two shot wounds in the forehead and the eye had been penetrated. Scattered round were four empty cartridge-cases, but no weapon was to be seen.

At first suicide was suggested, but this theory was abandoned after a night's thinking to a number of possibilities, one being based on the impossibility of the man discharging a revolver twice in his forehead and once in the eye and afterwards hiding the weapon.

MONEY WALLET MISSING.

Reeks only landed at Liverpool from Nova Scotia on Saturday, with a sum of money, and said he had come to sit for an examination.

On Saturday he called on his grandmother, uncle and aunt in Salford, near Manchester, but as they could not accommodate him he returned to Liverpool the same night, taking lodgings at a temporary hotel, where he remained for the week-end.

He left Liverpool again on Monday night with the intention, it is said, of once more visiting his friends at Swinton.

Reeks is known to have been in possession shortly before his death of notes representing 5000 dollars. An empty green wallet. Neither notes nor wallet have been found.

The notes are not of a common type, and the police are circulating as widely as possible the fact that they are missing. But against the theory of robbery as a motive for murder is the fact that over £39 in gold and a gold watch were found in the man's pockets.

Inquiries are being made with the object of tracing two men who arrived in Wolverhampton early on Tuesday morning from Liverpool.

On Sunday and Monday deceased was in Liverpool with a seafarer, who is described as about thirty years of age, 5ft. 11in. in height, clean shaven, dark hair, occasionally wears side whiskers, inclined to swear, wears in dark clothes with bowler hat, and was wearing brown gloves. It is believed to belong to Chicago.

The possibility of Reeks having been murdered and his body conveyed in a gun-barrel to the pit shaft is favoured by the fact that the spent cartridge cases found in the body had not been recently discharged, one being filled with fluffy dust.

It is surmised that the body was dragged eighty yards from the road. (Photograph on page 1.)

IN MEMORY OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

On the eve of the thirteenth anniversary of Queen Victoria's death, Viscount Esher sent yesterday to the King a letter announcing the completion of the Queen Victoria Memorial and the end of the committee's labours.

The total subscriptions from the Empire for the memorial amounted to £325,000. Its leading feature is, of course, the statue to Queen Victoria at the end of the Mall.

In his reply to Viscount Esher the King said—

"My people and I know, join with me in thankful recognition of your successful accomplishment of the scheme, and in appreciation of the genius, skill and devoted labour by which this success has been achieved."



The convention signed by the delegates to the international conference on safety at sea recommends that ships carry special lifebelts for children. The pictures show how they are worn.

BARONESS'S COLLAPSE.

£6,000 Pearl Necklace Suit Adjournd Owing to Her Sudden Illness.

Owing to the sudden illness of the Baroness May de Pallandt, who is being sued by Dr. E. V. Appleby to recover £4,000 in regard to the purchase in Paris of a £6,000 pearl necklace, the further hearing of the case was adjourned yesterday by Mr. Justice Darling till next week.

The jury were discharged, the parties agreeing to allow the Judge to decide the case.

Mr. McCall, K.C., for the defendant, stated that when the hearing of the action was adjourned on Tuesday evening, the Baroness was taken ill and was sent to one of the waiting-rooms of the court, where she was seen to have had trouble.

She was eventually removed to a nursing home, and a medical man had given a certificate, in which he said she was suffering from asthma and combined weakness, and unable to leave her bed.

Mr. McCall then complained that a statement made by Mr. Marshall Hall during his cross-examination of the Baroness on Tuesday was untrue.

Mr. Marshall Hall, he said, had handed to the Baroness a photograph, which he suggested was that of herself, and had asked him, "Where did you get it from? Counsel then said: "If you really want to know, look on the back; look at the police report."

In justice to the Baroness, he ought to say that such a statement was injurious and painful to her.

Mr. Marshall Hall: "I think I ought not to have said 'police'."

The Judge pointed out that she asked Mr. Marshall Hall where he got the photograph from.

Mr. Marshall Hall said he did not oppose the adjournment. He had a great deal more to ask the Baroness.

(Photographs on pages 8 and 9.)

THREE ARTS BALL.



Mr. Ernest Shesiger as the Executioner, in which character he will appear at the Three Arts Ball at Covent Garden to-night.—(Hugo Cecil.)

EVERYBODY'S COURSE?

An important decision regarding the rights of the golfing public on Mitcham Common was given yesterday at Croydon, when Frederick Harris, the caddy master of the Prince's Club, was fined £5, for obstruction. He had refused to supply a caddy to a non-member.

Most golfers of the common have laid down that no person but a member of the Prince's Club (of which Mr. Mallaby Decley is chairman) or the Prince's Ladies' Club shall play on Wednesday or Saturday between certain hours. Counsel for the complainant, Mr. A. C. Harrison, of West Norwood, asserted, however, that Mr. Justice Phillips had decided that a person lived at Mitcham or in Kensington, he had an inherent right to play golf upon the course.

The Chairman said the Bench were of the opinion that the regulation giving preferential treatment to a class, distinguishing between the members of the golf club and those who were not, was ultra vires.

The Bench agreed to state a case.

BARONET AS ANTARCTIC EXPLORER.

Sir Daniel Gooch, of Hylands, Chelmsford, has been asked by Sir Ernest Shackleton to accompany him on the Antarctic expedition he is organising.

Sir Daniel stated last night he will probably go.

Sir Daniel Fulthorpe Gooch is forty-four, and the third baronet. He was married in 1898 and has two sons and two daughters. He succeeded to the title in 1897.

AFARID TO GO HOME BY SEA.

MALTA, Jan. 21.—The British steamer *Nith*, with 600 Moors on board, who are returning to Morocco from Mecca, arrived here yesterday.

The steamer was forced to put to sea by the pilgrims, who appeared to be obsessed with the idea that if they remain on the *Nith* they will perish.

Their entries with the captain to seek shelter at Malta failed, but they assumed such a threatening attitude that the captain did not think prudent to continue the voyage.—Reuter.

What the Army Offers.

To all single men of good character between 18 and 25 years of age the Army offers good wages, good food, and unique opportunities for Sports and Games—the surest means of keeping a man fit for service in the field. Send the form below for a free copy of a 32-page illustrated book on "The Army and what It Offers."

HAVE you ever seriously thought about the advantages of the Army? Probably not, and most likely for the simple reason that you have never known the true facts about a soldier's life and the conditions of his service. If you will fill up and send in the form below you will receive a free copy of "The Army and What It Offers," a 32-page illustrated book that gives full details of life in the Army and tells of its many advantages and how to join it.

When you are considering your future you would do well to consider the Army and all the chances it offers you.

Soldiers' Wages.

What are you earning now, and what are your prospects? Are you sure of ever getting more than 25s. a week if in a town, or 20s. if in the country? And even with these wages what have you left for yourself at the end of the week after paying for your lodgings, for train or tram fares to your work, for your food, for your Insurance, and for the clothes and boots you wear while at work or at leisure.

And now consider the soldier. He is charged 3d. or 4d. a day for his groceries and vegetables, to meet which he is given a "Messing Allowance" of 3d. a day, and he has to pay 1½d. a week for his Insurance, but practically all the rest of his necessities are provided for him free—lodgings, rations, and clothing. In the Infantry the average balance of pay at the disposal of a private soldier immediately after enlistment is 6s. 8½d. per week; after serving for 2 years, if in the First Class for Proficiency, a private has at his disposal 10s. 2½d., a Corporal 14s. 10½d., and a Sergeant 17s. 6d.

Promotion.

But if a private is well off in the Army, any steady and well-conducted soldier with ambition may well look forward to promotion, and consequent increase of pay and improvement of position. The chance of being offered a Commission as Officer has now been made greater, and may certainly be considered as a possibility by any ambitious young man who joins the Army.

Soldiers' Holidays.

In civil life a man may be allowed a holiday of a week or a fortnight every year, and perhaps then only by losing his wages.

A soldier can usually depend on being given a holiday of at least a month each year, and in addition can often get leave of absence for a few days at other times. Whilst on leave, and during the whole of his long holiday, he receives his full daily rate of pay, and in addition gets 3s. 6d. a week to make up for the Rations he receives free whilst in barracks.

Sports, Games, etc.

In the Army a man has unique opportunities for all kinds of sports and games, such as he can get in no other profession to anything like the same extent. Every encouragement is given to the soldier to play cricket, football, and hockey, grounds being provided for these sports in all garrisons. In most garrisons, there is a well-equipped gymnasium, and the soldier's physical training and development are everywhere carefully supervised by expert Instructors. Shooting and swordsmanship form part of the soldier's actual work, and athletic sports with good prizes are often held.

Seeing the World.

The soldier has exceptional opportunities of seeing the world, free of cost to himself. The British Army is in garrison all over the Empire,

and Gibraltar, Malta, Egypt, Hong Kong, Channel Islands, India, the West Indies, South Africa, and other places may all be visited by him.

Comfortable Quarters.

In all regimental barracks there is a recreation-room with billiard and bagatelle tables, newspapers, and indoor games. There is a well-stocked Library, a canteen fitted with coffee bars, and in the evening there is often a concert or other entertainment in barracks, given by local or outside talent. In the Army, too, the meals are better and more varied than those of the ordinary civilian; the food provided is of excellent quality, it is well cooked, and there is always enough.

For the Skilled Workman or Clerk.

If you have a knowledge of some trade, it will probably help you to earn more money in the Army. Certain Corps (Royal Engineers, Army Ordnance, Army Service, and Royal Flying Corps) are largely composed of men engaged in some trade, whilst in almost every regiment there are openings for carpenters, shoemakers, tailors, and shoeing smiths, and a man who is a good clerk is practically certain of employment, with a very good chance of early promotion.

General Advantages.

Such, then, are some of the many advantages the Army offers to the ambitious man. Good pay, chances of promotion, long holidays, unique opportunities for games and sports, and travel to foreign parts—these are some of the benefits the Country gives a man in return for his services, while there is no career that can offer a man greater chances of distinction.

If you are an ambitious man in want of stirring life, send the Coupon below, with your name and address, for a free copy of "The Army and What It Offers"—a 32-page book, giving full details of life in the Army and the pay of the various regiments. It is well illustrated with photographs, and is a book that every man ought to read. Send the form below or a postcard to-day for a copy. It will be sent post free and without any obligation on your part. No stamp is needed for postage.

If what you have read on this page has decided you to enlist without further delay, write to or call on the nearest Recruiter, whose address you can obtain at any Post Office or Government Labour Exchange, and he will tell you what to do.

A FREE BOOK.

This Coupon should be sent at once to avoid delay. Do not stamp the envelope, as no stamp is needed, but mark your envelope "O.H.M.S."

To the Secretary, War Office,
(Recruiting Dept.),
Whitehall, S.W.

Please send me, free of charge, and without any obligation on my part, a copy of the 32-page illustrated book, "The Army and What It Offers," giving particulars of the conditions of service in the Army.

NAME
(Send this form or a postcard mentioning this paper.)

No postage stamp needed.)

ADDRESS
"Daily Mirror."

NOTICE TO READERS.

The Editorial Advertising and General Business Offices of *The Daily Mirror* are—
239, BOUVERIE-STREET, LONDON, E.C.
TELEPHONES: 6100 Holborn (five lines).
PROVINCIAL CALLS: 125 T.S. London.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "Reflexed," Fleet, London.
PARIS OFFICE: 36, Rue du Sentier.

Daily Mirror

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1914.

HAD WE BUT KNOWN...

SINCE submarine A 7 disappeared from knowledge a day or two ago, we have had an opportunity of observing an unchanging phenomenon that always follows such disasters: we mean, not only the numbers of those who could have prevented this thing from happening, but also the multitude of those who have long ago invented absolutely safe means of securing that no such thing shall ever happen in future. We have here dozens of diagrams to illustrate the point.

These designs, these plans—in this instance, plans for the recoverable submarine—come from people of all ages and conditions; most of them, however, from poor people who cannot afford to patent or push their invention. Under seal of intense secrecy, however, they confide the invention to us, and we do not intend to betray it: for, alas, as far as we can judge, it would be small profit to submarines if we did. We must be content with recording the here proved fact of a vast inventiveness, also submerged, like submarines, under the monotonous surface of our daily commercial doings. Letters and diagrams from schoolboys and schoolmasters, letters from cooks and engineers, rich people, poor people write. We read their suggestions—nearly all absolutely futile—and walk out into the street; and look upon the passers-by in that anonymous throng with a new conception of their capabilities.

To us, indeed, after reading the letters of safe-submarine inventors, it seems that all the people we pass must be mechanicians or engineers.

We had thought that they passed dreaming of average things; they dreamt, eyes fixed ahead, of riches and love, of eating and drinking; or they thought how cold it was and how unpleasant.

No: they are devising submarines. Or, if not submarines, then grates that won't smoke, or a substitute for coal, or a mud-guard for motor-omnibuses, or a cow-catcher for them. Our minds, in this Twentieth Century, run in that groove, like trains; a mechanical groove. There is always something waiting to be found, which shall make something else go faster, or be less dangerous. These dreamers are busy finding it. That is the meaning of these letters, these diagrams, these fixed-and-vacant faces.

It is curious, this vast inventiveness, busily at work below the surface. Is it to be attributed to pure love of mechanism, or to longing for the riches that derive from a safe and successful invention? A mingling of the two, no doubt. But, we repeat, it is curious to know that, while in other ages men dreamt of El Dorado or Utopia, of sailing over seas, of finding the Philosopher's Stone or the Secret of the Transmutation of Metals, of Alchemy and Witchcraft; of theories of Church Government and the Civil Polity, now they dream mainly of the improvement of a wheel, or of the better ordering of a button you press to make the wheel revolve. W. M.

A THOUGHT FOR TO-DAY.

There is a taint in every man's education when he arrives at the conviction that envy is ignorance; that imitation is suicide; that he must take himself for better or worse, as his portion; that though the wide universe is full of good, no kernel of nourishing corn can come to him but through his toil bestowed on that plot of ground which is given him to till. Trust thyself; every heart vibrates to that iron string. R. W. Emerson.

THROUGH "THE MIRROR."

"MARRIAGE KILLS LOVE."

MY own experience proves that marriage does not kill love, but rather strengthens it. I have been married for over fifteen years, and my husband and I are just as true lovers as when we first met. In fact, the older we grow the more attached to one another we become.

LOVE IN ITS TRUE SENSE.

DOES "Reason" speak from experience? To quote my own case, I am a very happy wife of six years' standing and my husband is ideal.

A friend of mine, whom I have known for years, staying with us at Christmas, told me we were an ideal couple.

We have gone through all manner of trials and troubles during our married life, and have come through it all loving each other more. Marriage has not killed our love—only deepened it. Surely

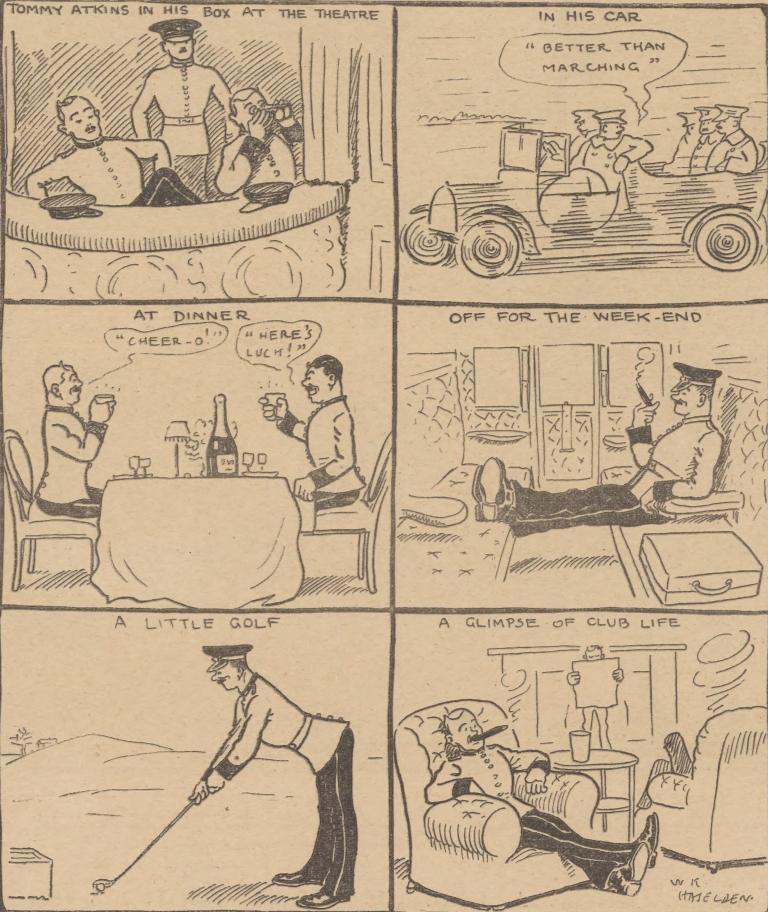
THREE KINDS OF LOVE.

THE love of a woman for a man must contain three separate kinds of love to give complete pleasure to herself and the man she has married. If the man ceases to love the woman, the three loves alluded to, and felt by the woman, will shrivel up and die.

The first kind of love is the purest emotion of the soul. It is unselfish and unspeakably passionate. A woman can love her husband, child, friend, etc., in this way at the same moment of time. No physical or other blemish or deformity falling on the loved ones will lessen or destroy the love given to them, for they have entered into the shrine of the woman's soul—the holy of holies within her being.

The second kind of love arises from social and other affinities. It will probably in time form part of the first love, or cause it to arise, but it may exist without it. The woman who feels it for her

HOW TO MAKE THE ARMY POPULAR: SOME FURTHER SUGGESTIONS.



Soldiers and others have lately been confirmed in a military career or else attracted to it by a remarkable cinema film displaying the training of a soldier. Why not show some cinema pictures of this type? Indeed, why not make the soldier's life like this? Surely that would stimulate recruiting!—(By Mr. Haselden.)

this does something to disprove the theory of "Reason" with its assertion that no love can survive marriage for long. E. W. R.

"THE DAILY MIRROR" OVERSEAS.

IT may interest you to know that six copies of your paper have been sent to weekly to Winnipeg, Hong-Kong and Germany for the past four years, and are circulated among a large number of friends in these respective places.

D. M. DOWNE.

18, Upstall-street, Myatt's Fields, S.E.

WINTER WIND IN LONDON.

Hark! how the wind sighs out of sight

Sorrow and warning.

I raged and wrestled in pain all night.

It sighs at morning.

The very trees where the wild winds wreak

The wrongs of the city.

Groan and crack as they fain would speak

Pardon and pity.

Heart, keep silence! forebode no more

Warning and sorrow,

Who knows, the heavens may hold in store

Spring for to-morrow.

MARY ROBINSON.

TO-DAY'S DINNER-TABLE TOPICS.

A Cabinet crisis? Is there one at present, and what will you do? Will you buy a copy of *London Opinion* and pay for it? Will you pay some money on Lloyd-George or Winston? "Alas, they had been friends in India!"

Needs of the Navy: who will supply you.

Our "Housewife" plan of collecting huge sums by begging—then spending the sums on the hospital and wanting more. Surely the only system is endowment.

The begging-and-spending system is in the end bound to

Whether or not men ought to interfere in the work of the family. See our correspondence on this subject. "They don't interfere in their business." Others long for a husband who will listen as they talk about the cook and the boiler.

HOUSEWORK HUSBANDS.

DO Women Like the Type of Man Who "Interferes" at Home?

IT is very small-minded of wives to condemn menfolk helping in their daily task of house-work just because their husbands seem a little awkward at first.

Did "Housewife" or "Wife With a Will" burn a few cakes during their first efforts? Have they ever smashed a handle off a cup or forgotten to put salt in the greens?

We were taught to wash up, make beds, dust rooms, clean silver and hundreds of other little duties which men seem awkward at, but nevertheless we all do our own rooms on Sundays, also wash up and let our maid go out.

FOUR BROTHERS.

WHY should men be incompetent over the house-work? I fail to see. I have always employed men in my house, and after dealing for years with incompetent and untidy housemaids at last took advantage of a scheme I saw advertised for employing men in that capacity. My housemaids are usually retired service maidens, and I have found that they do excellent work. Is there any reason why husbands as well as wives should not know how to look after the house?

The Boy Scout Movement had, I think, educated us, and the boys, too, out of the stupid notion that boys cannot and must not work with their hands in the house, as well as cook, sew—yes, and make the beds if need be. I should like to help forward on these lines a League for Teaching Housework to Husbands. Who will help? N. R. Courtfield-road, S.W.

SOME years ago I was left a widow with three young sons—no daughters—to bring up.

Fortunately, I was left well off. I determined that my sons, therefore, should have the best education money could buy. And that I include the very matters of interest in and knowledge of household affairs that your correspondents seem to think ought to belong to women only.

I am glad to say that none of my boys is ashamed of knowing how to cook and "deck the tradespeople." I flatter myself that each knows how to order and prepare a good dinner as well as I do—perhaps better, as they have better appetites with which to enjoy their food. A. H. Alton, Hants.

MY experience is that most newly-married men have a perfect aversion for interfering in house-holding affairs. It is the duty of a young wife to suppress this unseemly interest in her affairs.

Woe to the wife who lets her husband interfere with her affairs! Woe, I say! She will never know a moment's peace, and will from that moment be plagued at every turn by her husband's cold interest in what is, after all, only the woman's job.

A WIFE WHO LIKES WORK. Maxwell-road, Bournemouth.

IN MY GARDEN.

JAN. 21.—The lupins are some of our finest hardy flowers, and make an imposing show in the summer garden. They all do well in ordinary soil and a sunny position.

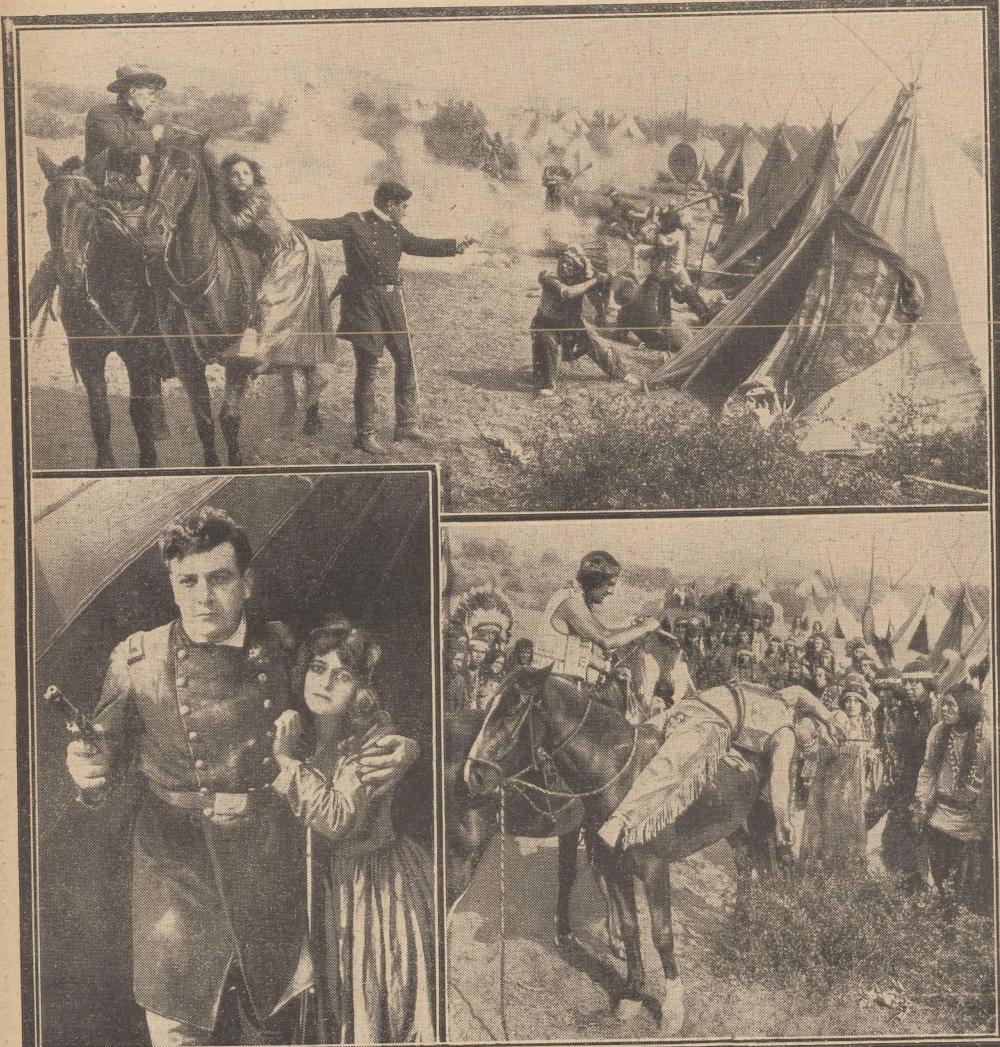
The polyphyllus varieties can now be obtained in many fine colours—blue, purple, white, rose, pink and lilac in many shades. Arboreus is evergreen and shrubby in growth.

Snow Queen (white) and the yellow variety are the sorts generally seen, but there are also several beautiful hybrids.

E. F. T.

The seventh volume of Mr. Haselden's cartoons is now ready. It contains over a hundred of the best of those published during the past year. You may buy "Daily Mirror Reflections" for 6d. at any book-stall, or you may obtain it post-free for 8d. from "The Daily Mirror," 23, Bouvier street, E.C. "Daily Mirror Reflections" makes an ideal gift for old and young.

Stirring Scenes of Redskin Warfare on a Film.



Three hundred men and 200 horses were employed in the production of an exciting Red Indian film just brought to this country. It is called "The Big Horn Massacre," and shows incidents of pioneer life among emigrants in the Far West of America. In the top picture a daring rescue of the heroine from the Indian camp is shown. Below, a duel on horseback between rival Indian chiefs, and the hero (a soldier) at bay when his camp is attacked by the redskins, are shown.—Kalem.

Baroness de Pallar



Dr. Ernest Appleby, who brought the action. When Dr. Appleby's suit against the Baroness—the Baroness was suffering from asthma and was suing for indemnity on two bills.

TRAMWAY-CAR LETTER-BOXES.



All the electric tramway-cars in Madrid are now fitted with these travelling post-boxes. Letters may be posted at any point of the journey.

A GIRL OF WHOM FOOTPADS SHOULD BEWARE: SHE DEMONSTRATES



An open umbrella is used thus.



Catch him by the throat and kick him.



Thus caught, he is in your power.



And can be held.

There has been an epidemic of attacks on defenceless women of late, but the man who endeavoured to molest Miss Hetty Beard, an athletic Bedford

Too Ill to Appear.



The Baroness May de Pallandt, the defendant.

It was resumed yesterday counsel announced that to appear. The action, which has produced some rope of pearls, and Dr. Appleby, an American, is to amount to £4,083.

DOG IN A BARROW.



Prince, the pet of the Animals' Hospital, found by a little girl, who had him wheeled back in a barrow.

"New Thought" Bride's Extraordinary Wedding.



Miss Evalene Smith, New York's first "New Thought" bride, was married to Mr. Paul Menzel with "New Thought" wedding ceremony, which, the followers of that movement claim, is founded "on the harmonious vibrations of the air." The couple's only oaths were made to their own soul-consciences. The top picture shows the bride and groom with the maid of honour and best man. Below, the ceremony being performed by Mr. R. W. Sears. The portrait is of the bride.

ATES HOW SHE CAN DEFEND HERSELF AGAINST ATTACK.



Bring the knee forcibly against his face.

Bravest Miss Hetty Beard, an athletic Bedfordshire girl, would get more than he bargained for.

Another effective umbrella defence.

"WE DESERVED OUR SUCCESS."



Two very different types at the Birmingham Dog Show. Dr. G. Rose Northwood's bulldog won a first and Miss R. Armitage's miniature poodle a first and two specials.—(Daily Mirror photographs.)

NEW SERIAL

BEGIN TO-DAY.

What Every Woman Forgets.

By HENRY FARMER.

THE CHARACTERS.

FRITZ KAVANAGH, a young man of twenty-five, travelling before settling down to a political career. He is a nephew of his stepfather, the Dean of Larchester.

BITZERNE CLOAN, the beautiful wife of MICHAEL CLOAN, known as "Rajah" Cloan, owner of vast plantations in the East.

CAROLINE CLOAN, Cloan's sister, a militant suffragette.

REGGIE LOMBARD, Kavanagh's cousin.

THE STORY.

The story opens on board the *Mooltan*, bound for India. Fritz Kavanagh makes the acquaintance of Suzanne Cloan, who is going out to Ceylon to join her husband. Kavanagh perceives at once that she is a woman of the world.

"Rajah" Cloan is a man of the world, with the reputation of a bull, not a suitable husband for a woman with the ideals and aims of Suzanne.

But the young Cloan, of Coombo, Kavanagh has fallen deeply in love with Mrs. Cloan. He realises that she, too, is not indifferent to him; but no word of love is spoken between them.

When Coombo is reached Mrs. Cloan introduces Kavanagh to her husband, and the young man is received with a smile. He expected the "Rajah" to be impressed with the strength and attractiveness of the "Rajah's" personality.

Eight months afterwards Kavanagh is back in London and meets Cloan again, with the same young man to dinner at his house, and, actuated by a desire to renew his acquaintance with Mrs. Cloan, Kavanagh accepts. But he is not a man to be trifled with, and Cloan is very drunk. He discerns that this is the cause of Suzanne's unhappiness.

During the dinner Cloan displays abominable behaviour, which Kavanagh does his best to cover up, sympathising keenly all the while with the man's wife.

After dinner, in a fit of drunken sleep, he finds her weeping bitterly. Swept by compassion and affection for her, he kisses her, and she falls into his arms, passionately and with a man's craving to protect a woman.

And then, suddenly, her body becomes rigid. She stabs him. He realises her intentions, and she falls dead.

The door opens. "Rajah" Cloan stands on the threshold, steady himself against the lintel. He comes forward to attack Kavanagh, but trips, falls, and strikes his head on the floor.

Concussion results. Kavanagh does his best for the "Rajah," and a doctor is sent for him. Cloan recovers consciousness.

When Kavanagh arrives at his flat he finds Reggie Lombard waiting for him. A remark from Lombard leads Kavanagh to the discovery that he has brought away Cloan's overcoat from the "Rajah's" house in mistake for his own. It is put back in the pocket of the coat, and the note is sent to Michael Cloan. The signature is "Aimée," and the address on the notepaper, "The Nook, Datcham-on-Thames."

CHAPTER IV. (continued.)

KAVANAGH forgot the presence of Reggie Lombard, and whatever might be the reason that had brought him to his flat at that hour of the night.

The note in his hand, signed "Aimée," and for

(Translation. Dramatic, and all other rights secured. Copyright, U.S.A.)

an address "The Nook, Datcham-on-Thames," read desperately. Kavanagh felt that he had been given an unexpected glimpse at a secret chapter in "Rajah" Cloan's life. It was like a detached paragraph that left the imagination to supply the context.

"Waiting—waiting. Have you forgotten everything—me? Oh, you men! The strain is more than I can bear."

The note he had become mixed up with his own dilemma. Cloan in his cups had been revealed a physically dangerous as well as a coarse-tongued brute. Kavanagh had seen quite enough to account for Mrs. Cloan's unhappiness, first divined on board the *Mooltan* two months ago. Now he asks himself whether this "Aimée" might not be a further contributing cause.

And then he felt sensitively that in reading and attempting to analyse this note he was not quite playing the game. Owing to a dazed manservant and his own distracting thoughts he had come away from Menzies House in Cloan's overcoat quite by mistake. But this did not entitle him to read what was written on the note, and he had to find in his heart, and he regarded the maxim that all was fair in love and war as pernicious.

He slipped the note through the slit in the overcoat into a trouser-pocket. He did not quite know what he was going to do with it; destroy or keep it.

"Yes, I must have walked off, with some other fellow's overcoat," he said, turning to Reggie Lombard, who was too deeply worried over some trouble of his own to be closely concerned with what "Fritz" was doing. "What's your trouble, Reggie?"

The good-looking boy picked up his glass, fortified himself therewith, and laughed recklessly. "I'm in a bit of a fix, Fritz, old chap. I hate coming to you, don't you know, and I still owe you—but it's rather an awkward fix. I wonder if you could lend me two hundred and fifty quid—or back a bill for me. Fritz Urse is quite a decent fellow, though his real name is Isaacstein. He'll do it for me—if I can get the bill backed."

Reggie Lombard had further recourse to his good humour. "But," he went on, fingering his mouth nervously, "it's a question of raising it quickly. Very quickly. I must have it to-morrow. Fritz Urse will do it to-morrow—if I've got a responsible backer."

Kavanagh took a cigar and nipped off the end thoughtfully. "Cards?" he asked quietly.

"Why—why I want the money doesn't—er—exactly matter!" There was a slight stammer in the boy's voice.

Kavanagh accepted the evasion as a negative. He was very fond of Reggie Lombard, who was a nephew of his stepfather, the Dean of Larchester. The silver-voiced dean, who as a young man had said to have tossed up between the Church and Stage, had been exceedingly fond of his brother's son. Reggie Lombard had lost his life gallantly in one of the Empire's little wars, and had not left much behind him in the way of money, at least, relatively.

Two hundred a year, that would have been sufficient and a stepping-stone to some young man's welfare, was a precious little way with young Lombard and his subaltern's pay did not go far. Regimental expenses were high, and through this phase of his sometimes musical as "seeing life"; a period of stabs at musical comedies, suppers at highly-expensive restaurants, champagne and costly cigars—an income that would have scarcely justified cheap claret; a period of gifts in the shape of chocolates, flowers and Bond-street jewellery to ladies of the chorus and actresses of some party of visits to financiers who were positively embarrassed with success, in which they were yearningly inclined on note of hand only.

Morally weak and boisterously susceptible rather than vicious, Reggie had been accumulating material for future trouble. There was only a matter of three years' difference between him and Kavanagh, but in other respects Kavanagh was much the older.

"A woman?" was Kavanagh's next quiet question.

"The boy is back again," he said. "As he does so Kavanagh crossed to an easel and unlocked his back to an easel. His back was turned to Reggie. His balance happened to be low at the pass-book. But before taking it out he drew from the overcoat pocket the squat, automatic pistol that he had appropriated under impulse from Cloan's dressing-table, and slipped it to the back of the drawer. After a glance at his pass-book he relocked the drawer, slipped off the overcoat that was causing him a certain kind of moral discomfort, and found it again in chair.

"I'm listening, Reggie," he said, turning. "If it's in my power to help you, I will. But I don't do anything in the dark. Steady!" Reggie had risen with his glass empty. Kavanagh took it from him and put it down on a table.

"If you want another drink, Reg, it's going to be a plain seltzer."

"Don't be an ass, Reggie!"

Lombard dropped back into his chair. His expression became apologetic.

"Perhaps I've rather overshot the mark," he admitted. "But—"

Both the rush of his hand through his hair and his laugh were desperate. Confession followed. "Fritz old chap," he blurted out, "a con-foolish boksguard's got hold of some rotten letters of mine to a woman—and wants me to buy them back. She—she's got a husband. When I met her, I didn't know it. If—if I get into the law courts it will about break uncle Stephen's

heart." Those rotten letters will be read out. I can see myself described as—er—a nephew of the Dean of Larchester. He's been a good boy to me. After the governor's death—*the boy* got down a chalk that was nearly a sob—*he* cleared up all my debt at Oxford on the understanding that I went straight."

And at the time the Dean had given his nephew much excellent advice, delicately expressed, on the subject of cards, horses, wine and women in a way that required considerable knowledge of these states of youth and sometimes of youth grown older.

Kavanagh crossed to the mantelpiece and kissed his forehead.

"And," went on Reggie, stammering painfully, "I—*I'm* frightfully keen on someone else now."

"I met her when I was stationed at Trincomalee—before I was invalided home."

Kavanagh's expression showed how sorry he felt for the boy. But Reggie, owing to emotions and portentous drink desperately, was somewhat obtuse. Two women were involved in the issue, and Kavanagh was in doubt as to which of the two Reggie met at Trincomalee.

"Who—*who*—did you meet at Trincomalee?"

"Her!"

This again might have been equally confusing, but for the remorseful, rather hopeless, but most sentimental tone in which "Her!" was uttered.

"She—fell into the harbour," Reggie went on, "and I went in after her. As a matter of fact, she could swim—like a duck; but that's how we met!"

Even tragedy sometimes furnishes material for a smile. Kavanagh smiled. The boy gave one of his deepest sighs.

"She introduced herself to me—in the water. Apologised for making me jump overboard. Then—just my luck—I went down with enteric and was shipped home. But I saw something of her before that. And we—write."

This was obviously the someone else on whom Reggie had become frightfully keen—to use his own expression. Kavanagh did not ask the young lady's name. He was anxious to get at the immediate trouble, which might not prove so serious as Reggie imagined.

"I met the other nearly two years ago," continued young Lombard restlessly. "She was playing in that revue at the Granada, 'What's Yours?' under the name of—well, her name doesn't matter."

"If you'd rather not," said Kavanagh. "But it would make matters more clear, and you can rely on me."

Well, her stage name was *Buona Ayres*. Reggie's speech was quicker now. "I—I fell desperately in love with her." He pulled himself up. "At least—confound it—I thought I did. I took her up to supper, gave her things, tried to give her a good time, motored her down to Brighton—all that sort of thing. On my gospel, I'd not the slightest notion she'd a husband—then I wrote her rotten letters!"

(Continued on page 13.)



Let me talk to you about

Coughs, Colds, Chills, Bronchitis & Influenza

At this time of year many thousands of people suffer from Coughs, Colds, Chills, Asthma and Bronchitis, because the vitality of the body is at a low ebb and therefore the system is unable to resist the cold and damp weather. Warm clothing is not sufficient protection because the attack comes from inside. The cold air you breathe strikes directly upon the delicate membrane of the throat and lungs and sets up inflammation which causes you to cough. And the more you cough the worse the inflammation becomes. If not promptly checked, the inflammation will spread to the bronchial tubes and set up Bronchitis and Asthma. But a few wineglassfuls

of 'Wincarnis' (the wine of life) will speedily enable you to overcome the effects of the treacherous weather. Because 'Wincarnis' gives you inner warmth—natural warmth—and at the same time creates new rich blood and sends it dancing through your veins, flooding your system with new health—new vigour—new vitality and new life. Take a wineglassful of 'Wincarnis' before you go out in the morning and note how it invigorates you and what a warm grateful glow it diffuses all over the body. Take another wineglassful at night and note how it soothes and comforts you if your chest is tight and your cough is hard. Will you try just one bottle?

WINCARNIS

COLEMAN & CO. Ltd.
W 117 Wincarnis Works,
Norwich.

Please send me a free trial bottle of
'Wincarnis.' I enclose three penny
stamps to pay carriage.

SEND THIS
COUPON
FOR FREE
TRIAL BOTTLE

Name _____

Address _____
"D. Mr."
2/2/14.

W 117

YOU CAN OBTAIN 'WINCARNIS'
from all Wine Merchants, Licensed
Chemists and Grocers, but if you
prefer to try it before you buy, send
the Coupon for free trial bottle.

THE
London Glove Co.'s
SALE
WILL COMMENCE ON
MONDAY NEXT
JANUARY 26th, 1914.

BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.
The following are a few quotations from our Sale Price List, indicating some of the advantages offered.

Lot No. 8.—**Ladies' Doeskin Gloves**, mocha finish in Beaver, Grey, Mink and Dark Tan. Pique sewn, 2 large pearl buttons. Reduced to **1/10 per pair.**

Lot No. 14.—**Ladies' Extra Quality Nappa**, scented Russian leather, Paris style, in useful Tan shade, 2 large pearl buttons. Reduced to **1/11 per pair.**

Lot No. 15.—**Ladies' strong Nappa Leather**, in Dark Tan or Dark Grey. Pique sewn, 2 press buttons. Reduced to **1/8 per pair.**

Lot No. 18.—**Ladies' fine Washable Doe-skin Gloves**. Pique sewn, with special cut thumbs, in White only. 2 large pearl buttons. Reduced to **1/9 per pair.**

Lot No. 26.—**Ladies' fine French Suede Gloves**, in Beaver, Mink, Grey, Tan, and Beaver shades. Pique sewn, 5 buttons. Reduced to **1/10 per pair.**

HOSIERY.
No. H3.—**A Lot of Ladies' Striped Cashmere Hose**, superior quality English make, in Amethyst, Dark or Medium Grey, Mink, Navy, Purple, Vieux-Rose or Saxe Blue. Reduced to **10d. per pair**. 3 pairs for **2/4**.

No. H12.—**A Lot of Good Quality fine Ribbed Shot Cashmere Hose**, in Black, slate, White, Sky, Green, Red, or Heliotrope. Also Tan, shot White, Sky or Heliotrope. Reduced to **1/4 per pair**, 3 pairs for **3/11**.

HOLEPROOF.—**Ladies' Hole-proof Hose**, made from special wear-resistant yarn, English manufacture, in Black or Tan. Reduced to **1/2 per pair**, 3 pairs for **3/2**.

WRITE FOR SALE PRICE LIST OF ALL DEPARTMENTS, POST FREE.

Post Orders receive careful and prompt attention,
THE LONDON GLOVE CO.

Only Addresses:

45 and 45a, CHEAPSIDE, LONDON, E.C.
82 and 83, NEW BOND STREET, W.

N.B.—The Sale will be held at both Addresses.

"TIZ" Gladdens Sore, Tired Feet

"TIZ cured my tender, aching, puffed-up, perspiring feet and corns. O, Joy!"



TIZ makes sore, burning, tired feet fairly dance with delight. Away go the aches and pains, the corns, hard skin, blisters, bunions and chilblains. TIZ draws out the acids and poisons that puff up your feet. No matter how hard you work, how long you stand, how tall or how short your woman on your feet, TIZ brings restful foot comfort. TIZ is magical, grand, wonderful for tired, aching, swollen, smarting feet. Ah! how comfortable, how happy you feel. Your feet just tingle for joy: shoes never hurt or seem tight. Get a 1s. 1d. box of TIZ now from any chemist's or stores. End foot torture for ever—wear TIZ. Shoes, keep your feet fresh, sweet and happy. Just think: a whole year's foot comfort for only 1s. 1d.

HOW YOU MAY REDUCE YOUR WEIGHT

Overstomach is a very unwelcome condition, especially in the present day, when slender figures are the fashion. Every reader of this paper has noticed the tendency of some people to put on an excessive amount of fat.

If you happen to be one of these whose weight is more than it should be, don't try to starve yourself, eat all you want, but go to your Chemist and get oil of orisene in capsule form, and take one with each meal.

Oil of orisene increases the oxygen-carrying power of the blood and dissolves the fatty tissue, in many cases at nearly the rate of 1lb. per day. Be sure to get oil of orisene in capsule form. It is sold only in original sealed packages. Any good Chemist has it.

—(Advt.)

THIS MORNING'S NEWS ITEMS.

East End Factory Gutted.

The cabinet factory of Mr. J. Josephs, at Bethnal Green, where some 200 men are employed, was yesterday gutted by fire.

Bridge Collapses Under Train.

A railway bridge near Port Florence, the lake terminus of the Uganda Railway, collapsed under a goods train yesterday, says Reuter.

Four Killed by Bursting Boiler.

Four people were blown to atoms and several were injured at Ottawa yesterday, says the Central News, by the bursting of a boiler at a winter fair.

Lieutenant Lushington's Death.

The photograph of Lieutenant Lushington, the late Army officer, published in this paper on December 3 last, was the copyright of Mr. H. C. Messer, of Salisbury.

Murder Charge Dropped.

The charge of murdering Wilhelmina Crouchman, known as "Scotch Dolly," against George Williams, a hop porter, was withdrawn at the Tower Bridge Police Court yesterday.

Forty Play Centres for Poor Children.

The London County Council Education Committee yesterday arranged that next summer forty holiday play centres should be organised for the benefit of children in poor localities.

Tangoist Sues Archbishop for £12,000.

A Paris dancing master, considering that his interests had been attacked by the decision of Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris, condemning the tango, is, says the Paris *Journal*, suing the Prelate for £12,000.

STOCKS AND SHARES.

Cheap Money Results in Great Boom in Investment Securities.

9, BISHOPS GATE, E.C.

How long will the boom in investment securities last? That is the one question in Throgmorton Street now.

Cheap money has worked wonders in fanning the public's demand for new investments, and with still cheaper money practically certain in the near future, there is every hope that the buying will last.

The Bank rate, which two weeks ago was reduced from 5 to 4½ per cent., will, without doubt, be further lowered to-day. In some quarters it is thought that it may be reduced to 3½ per cent.

The large extent of the investment demand can be easily seen by comparing the present prices of such securities as Consols, the many recent new Colonial Government scrips, Railway Prior Charge stocks, Foreign Rails and Brewery shares, with the quotations recorded a few weeks ago. Consols have been behaving like a Rubber State in the bourses, having advanced from 7½ to 7¾.

Amalgamated Press, Associated Press and Pictorial News, remained unchanged.

Another sign of the times is the immediate success that attended the offer of one million sterling by the Victorian Government—a striking contrast to the poor responses made to the gilt-edged issues offered in the latter part of 1913.

Big applicants, it is stated officially, are only required to deposit 9½ per cent. of the amounts for which they applied.

Unfortunately cheap money has its disadvantages in that it will probably result in the market being flooded with new issues. There are now before the public one by the City of Calgary and one by the City of Gottenburg, while the prospectus of an issue of shares by the Associated Provincial Picture Houses also appears to-day.

CHAPTER V.

THE mistress of Kavanagh's bed might have been

I composed of thorns. During the night his own problem sometimes took the place of Lombard's and sometimes became entangled with it. But his own was the more urgent. What was going to happen when the curtain rolled up on Clean sober and conscious?

But he must have slept. He woke as his man, Trotter, entered noiselessly with shaving-water, and drew the blinds.

"Eight o'clock,"

"Mr. Lombard's sleeping in the spare room. Trotter. Call him at half-past eight. He will breakfast with me."

"That wild young spark!" thought Trotter.

"Beers on the tiles again!"

Kavanagh postponed his toilette. Slipping into pumps and a dressing-gown, he went to the tele-

phone in the smoking-room, and rang up Menzies.

A servant took the call at the other end.

"How's Mr. Clean?" asked Kavanagh.

"Mr. Clean, sir, passed a very fair night."

"Is he conscious?"

"Yes, sir."

There was a pause.

"Is Mrs. Clean up?"

"Would you please ask Mrs. Clean if she would come to the telephone. Mr. Kavanagh would like to speak to her for a moment."

"Please hold the line, sir."

Kavanagh seemed to have held it for a little eternity of time before a woman's voice reached him.

"Yes? Mrs. Clean is speaking."

(To be continued.)

See the Difference made by Antexema

Face Spots—Eczema—Rashes cured

Is your hand the one which is sore with eczema or disfigured by a rash or swollen with chilblains? Is the skin of your hand rough, red, or chapped? If so, there's only one thing for you. Apply Antexema without a moment's further delay. You will be delighted with the result. The instant relief gained and the cessation of smarting and irritation are most grateful. Your hands will day by day look better and better, until soon you will have hands you can be proud of, because they are perfectly free from blemish. The immediate relief and quick cure that Antexema affords compel those cured by it to praise it enthusiastically. W.D., of Llanydysil, says that "half a small bottle of Antexema was enough to cure my hand of chronic eczema, after suffering for six weeks." Antexema always succeeds, and will most assuredly cure your skin trouble. A Free Trial is offered to every reader of "The Daily Mirror."

But Antexema is not merely a cure for bad hands. It cures every skin illness, in any part of the body and however apparently incurable. Eczema, pimples, bad legs, rashes, and every other sore, or irritated skin condition, is conquered by Antexema.

Do your duty to your skin and get Antexema to-day. Supplied by all chemists and stores everywhere. Also of Boots' Cash Chemists, Army and Navy, Civil Service Stores, Harrod's, Selfridge's, Whiteley's, Parkes', Taylor's, and Lewis and Burrows' at 1s. 1d. and 2s. 1d., or direct, post free, 1s. 3d. and 2s. 9d. from Antexema, Castle Laboratory, London, N.W. Also throughout India, Australasia, Canada, Africa, and Europe.

Sign this Form
Get Antexema Free Trial at Once

To Antexema, Castle Laboratory, London, N.W.

Please send me family handbook, "Skin Troubles," for which I enclose three penny stamps; also free Trial of Antexema and Antexema Soap.

NAME

ADDRESS

"Daily Mirror," 22/1/14.

DAILY MIRROR" BEAUTIES.—No. 75.



Do you recognise this lady? If so, please note that prize of £10 and 100 books will be awarded to those sending in the most complete lists of the names of the originals, with the best summary of their merits, at the end of the twentieth number. The following pictures are appearing—(Dover-street Studios.)



Before using Antexema.



After using Antexema.

FINE SPORT AT NEWBURY RACES.

Hesperus Magnus Wins United Hunts
Cup—An Objection Overruled.

SUBMIT SCORES AGAIN.

Although bitterly cold the weather at Newbury yesterday was delightfully fine, and a big crowd enjoyed a capital afternoon's sport. There were plenty of runners, and although only two favourites were successful most of the winners were well backed.

Quite the most interesting race of the afternoon was the United Hunts Cup, which brought a strong field. Hesperus Magnus, a grey, was the runner in the Lover and Beson. Neither of this pair, however, was much fancied, and *Deince Abercorn* (Mr. O. Anthony), *Sturn* (Mr. J. Anthony), *Hector* (Mr. J. Anthony), and *Red Bess* (Mr. J. Anthony) were best backed of the big troop.

The field was soon strung out but the only one to come to a good shaking, *Noble Roy* led for a long way, but three fences from home *Hesperus Magnus* drew to the front and bested him. *Hesperus Magnus* was crossing when it was afterwards led against *Hesperus Magnus*, but it was overruled, although the 45 deposit was returned.

Subnit, who earned fame by winning the *Cesarewitch* as a three-year-old in 1909, put up a splendid performance in the *Deince Abercorn* and *Noble Roy* race, and came home to within 2lb. of the top-weight. *Growthier* and *Captain Dreyfus*, and he was conceding weight to all the others. *Growthier* and *Captain Dreyfus* were the two best-backed favourites, but, after looking like a certain winner approaching the last hurdle, he tired, and *Subnit*, running his race out, made a valiant effort to catch him.

Avernum, ridden by its owner, Mr. Marsh-Townshend, beat the better-fancied *Eey Fal* in the *Isley Murdle*, and *United Hunts Cup*, and *Red Bess* in the *Deince Abercorn* to go to 350 guineas to retain *Avernum*, but *Uncle Michael* claimed the *Deince Abercorn*.

The *Setton Maiden Steeplechase*, the most valuable race on the card, brought out the smallest field of the day. It was a wonderful, vivacious match between *Martin's Way* and *Red Bess*, and after the latter had made only two fences from home, *Martian's Way* drew out and won easily by five lengths.

Isley Murdle, with *G. Duller* in the saddle, was always a pronounced favourite for the *Maiden Hurdle*, and, holding a prominent position throughout he eventually won comfortably from *Shotwell* and *Burnning Daylight*.

SELECTIONS FOR NEWBURY.

1. 0—ANTE.	2.30—MOLLY'S BIRTHDAY.
1.30—FICKLE HOPE.	3.0—BELUS BIRTHDAY.
2.0—LAMENTABLE.	3.30—GAY BACHELOR.

DOUBLE EVENT FOR TO-DAY.

ANTE and MOLLY'S BIRTHDAY.

BOUVIERIE.

NEWBURY PROGRAMME.

1.0—READING S.	CHASE, 100 sovs; 2m, and about 50y.
2.0—ALBRAIN HAMPTON	CHASE, 150 sovs; 2m.
2.30—FICKLE HOPE	CHASE, 250 sovs; 2m.
3.0—LAMENTABLE	CHASE, 250 sovs; 2m.
3.30—GAY BACHELOR	CHASE, 250 sovs; 2m.

'VARSITY SOCCER.'

Cambridge Beat Old Carthusians at Queen's—Fine Side in the Making.

Cambridge beat the Old Carthusians at Queen's Club yesterday by 5 goals to 1. It was a good performance, and the Cambridge "Soccer" side this year will be a real fine side if they could have a fortnight's practice against the professors." The ruin of the Varsitys at the moment is the impossibility of their getting first-class sides to play against.

As far as defence goes, amateurs have not been able to compare with professionals for the last two years or more. The Cambridge side, however, had the experience "the professors" have had it.

Forward, the amateurs were always the more dangerous.

TRAMWAY-CARS
WHICH ARE
FITTED WITH
LETTER-BOXES:
SEE PAGE 8.

The Daily Mirror

LATEST CERTIFIED CIRCULATION MORE THAN 800,000 COPIES PER DAY.

WEDDING OF
THE FIRST
"NEW THOUGHT"
BRIDE: SEE
PAGE 9.

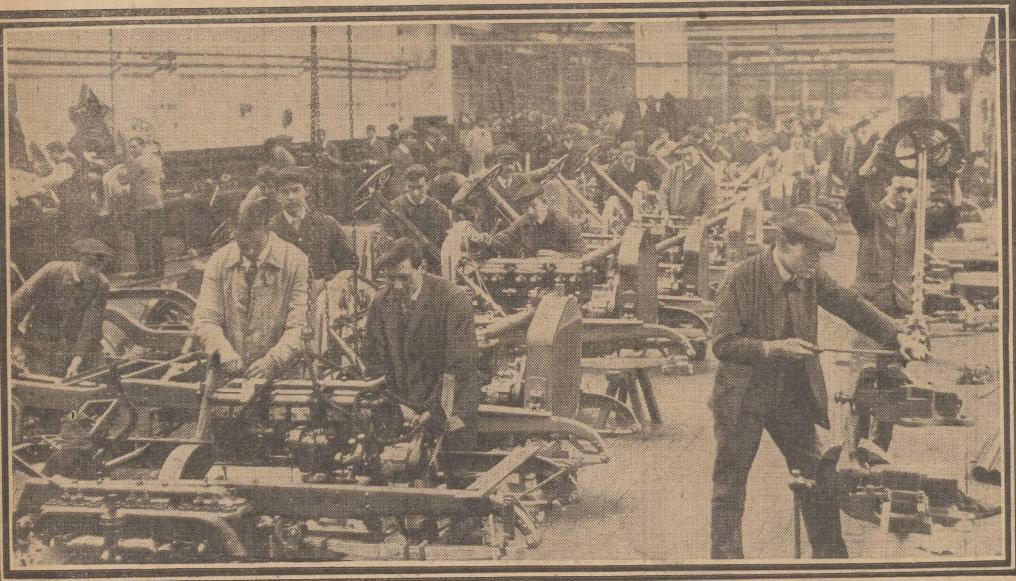
No. 3,197.

Registered at the G.P.O.
as a Newspaper.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1914

One Halfpenny.

OPENING OF THE EXTENSION OF THE WOLSELEY MOTOR-CAR WORKS.



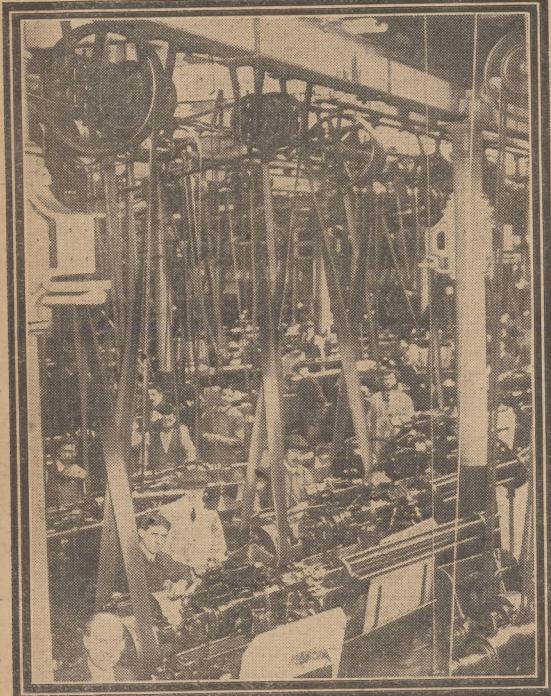
The "assembling" room, where the units are put together.



The Home Secretary.



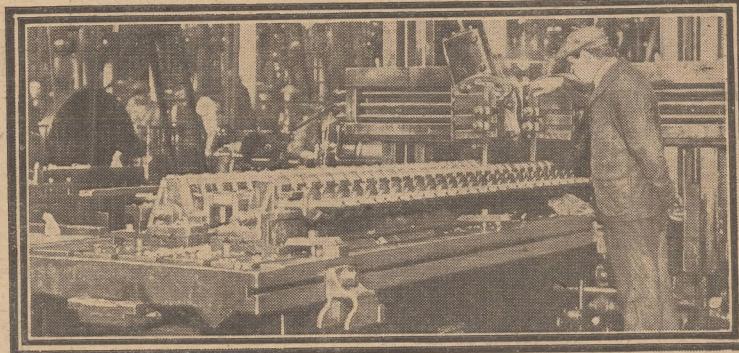
Finishing a body.



The machine department, where small parts are made.



Workers leaving the factory at the luncheon hour.



Making twenty-six crank shafts at the same time.

Mr. McKenna, the Home Secretary, journeyed to Birmingham yesterday to be present at the opening of the extension of the Wolseley motor-car works at Addeley Park. To give an idea of the size of the enterprise, it may be mentioned that it employs 5,000

hands—the majority of whom are married men with children—and has an output of eighty-four finished cars a week. The pictures illustrate some of the wonders of the works.—(Daily Mirror photographs.)